Niagara Falls Radiation Sites

Niagara Falls Boulevard, Holy Trinity Cemetery

General info

1978 DOE aerial radiological survey of Niagara Falls

- 15 areas identified greater than background (including NFB and HTC)
- This uranium and thorium-bearing slag believed to have originated from Union Carbide (Electromet) facility on 47th St.
- Approximately equal parts U-238 and Th-232, with lower Ra-226 levels
- Allegedly used as fill throughout Niagara area prior to licensing ("source material")
- Private investigation by NFB property owner pointed to different origin for slag

General info (continued)

1984 Oak Ridge National Lab radiological survey of 100 elevated gamma anomalies potentially related to Lake Ontario Works

- Slag used as bedding for asphalt surfaces, driveways and gravel/fill operations (UMR)
- Identified as material (cyclowollastonite) from the electrochemical production of elemental phosphorus at the former Oldbury Furnace in Niagara Falls
- Approximately equal parts Ra-226 and U-238, with elevated Th-232 levels
- Allegedly used as fill throughout Niagara area

Additional potential interest

A redeveloped property on 47th St. and Royal Ave. (across the street from former Union Carbide facility)

- Redevelopment resulted in removal of 20,000 tons of radioactive waste from fill under former buildings from 1920s
- \$50M+ lawsuit by company against Occidental, Kimberly Clark and National Grid



Built ~1962 (conflicting info)

9524 NFB

 Rapids Bowling Center (formerly Pine Bowl) – bowling alley, bar/grill, asphalt parking lot (operates ~57 hrs/wk

9540 NFB

 Greater Niagara Building Center, Inc. (formerly Dunn Tire, Baia Pontiac, Volkswagen dealer)

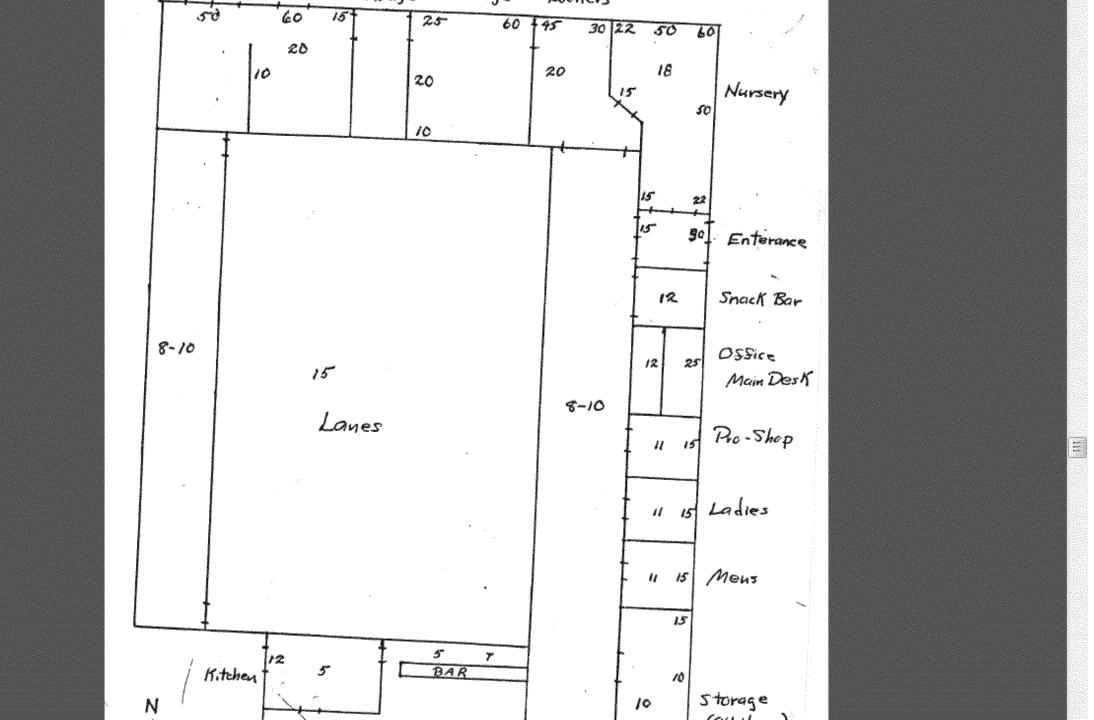


1979 NYSDEC/NYSDOH radiological survey

- Bowling alley and original portion of car dealer reportedly built in 1962, apparently before slag placement
- Slag used as fill and/or bedding for asphalt
- Structural additions to Baia Pontiac (1970s?)
- Highlights
 - Highest gamma readings at the Site are within the parking lot and unpaved fenced area
 - Highest gamma readings in bowling alley close to northern and eastern walls
 - Highest gamma readings in car dealer within the areas of the additions (office/storage room, collision shop/north stockroom, wash bay/south stockroom)

1979 NYSDOH radiological survey conclusions

- Present use of property does not constitute a hazard to workers or general public that would necessitate a remedial action
- Owners required to report change in ownership, maintain surface integrity of parking lot, collect and dispose of loose aggregate in the parking lot, contact DOH before performing intrusive work
- Owners felt that NY did not know what they were doing since one agency almost closed their doors and the other indicated no problem
- Note: 1980 DOH committee determined that the 15 areas identified in rad survey did not pose a significant health hazard. Future remedial action was not ruled out.



2006 NYSDOH radiological surveys

- Reiterated previous conclusions (not an immediate public health concern)
- Also indicated that this is not a permanent solution and that they were working with DEC to come up with one

Highlights

- Gamma levels in the 9540 NFB storage/office area are "low" and prolonged use could result in exposure > 100 mrem/yr (worse case = 300 mrem/yr)...."well below OSHA limit for workers (5,000 mrem/yr". Recommend this area not be used as an office.
- Radon measurements in both buildings < 4 pCi/L (also took 3-month measurements)
- Relatively low gamma readings identified along certain property boundaries



2013 - 2014 EPA Pre-remedial Site Investigation

- Surface measurements
- Soil/slag samples (including below slag)
 - Radioisotopes w/gamma spectroscopy
 - Gamma measurements with depth to 4 ft
- Radon and thoron measurements w/RAD7 radon detectors
- Highlights
 - Slag identified down to 0.5 ft. to 2 ft. depth
 - Ratios of individual isotopes were not consistent





Changes to situation

- Bowling alley reportedly had a 2 ft. deep concrete floor placed at the rear portion of the building (locker room, arcade area, small bowling after the 1979/2006 interior measurements
 - Rad levels were reportedly "greatly reduced".
- Former Dunn Tire is now occupied by an office furniture store
 - NYSDOH/NCDH reportedly spoke with owner about the portion of the building containing elevated gamma levels
 - Owner reportedly indicated they would not use it and would consider demolishing it

5401 Robert Avenue

- 31 acre property; area of concern 2.9 acres
- Includes a caretaker's house and maintenance garage
- Area of concern is an used portion of cemetery (no imminent plans of expansion into this area)
- Slag used as base for two never completed cemetery roadways (subsequently covered with soil)



1980 NYSDOH and NCDH radiological survey

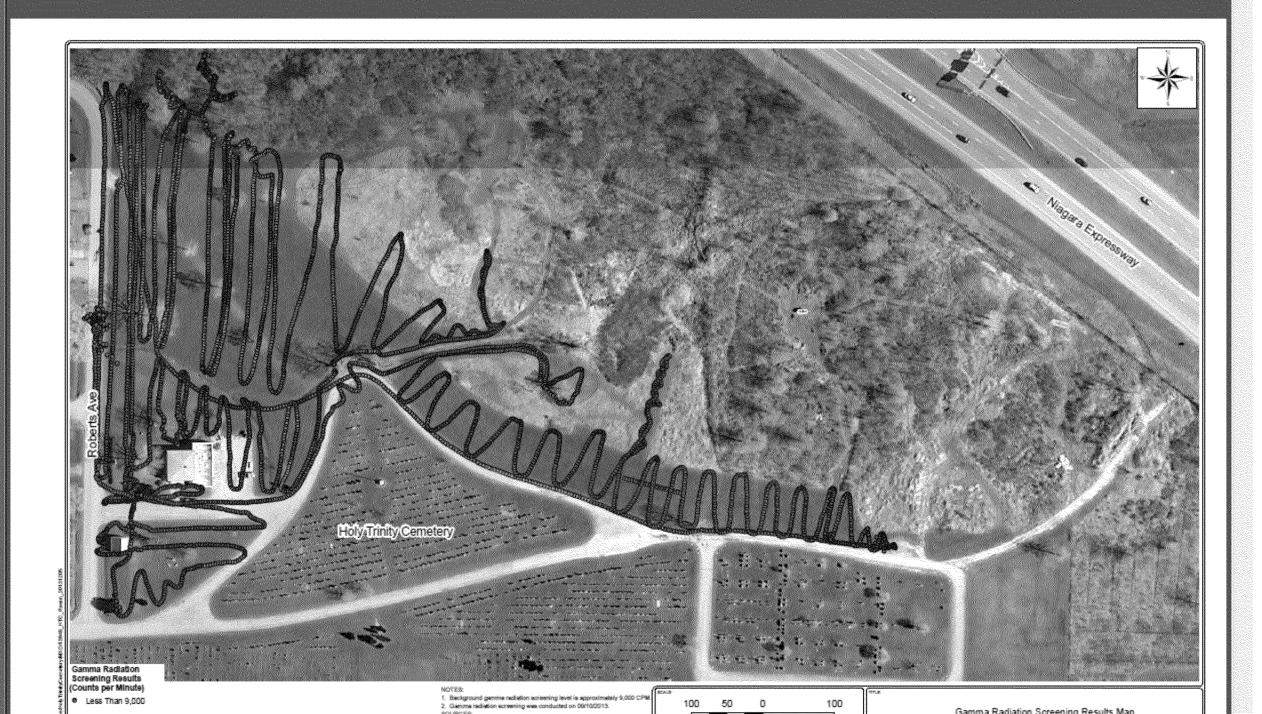
- Slag identified in abandoned roadbeds, including pushing up through the grass and where trees had grown
- Slag pile identified near caretaker's garage
- Residential neighborhood directly across the street from the area of concern

2006/2007 NYSDOH and NCDH radiological surveys

- Slag pile no longer present near caretaker's garage
- Reported that children from neighborhood play in the field
- Workers warned to avoid slag with mowers
- Another pile with somewhat elevated readings found on eastern edge of property with cemetery debris

2013 - 2014 EPA Pre-remedial Site Investigation

- Same as for NFB
- Highlights
 - Slag identified down to 8 in. depth
 - Ratios of individual isotopes were not consistent





Changes to situation

- Children no longer use the field; neighborhood is made of mostly older people
- People walk dogs in the field
- Nobody lives in the caretaker's house any longer
- Former caretaker who previously lived in the house with children has returned without children (unsure if he is living in the house again)

Risk assessment

NFB

- Bowling alley workers 45 mrem/yr (9x10⁻⁴)
- Office furniture store 55 mrem/yr (1x10⁻³)

HTC

- Dog walkers 26 mrem/yr (6.5x10⁻⁴)
- Cemetery workers 32 mrem/yr (8x10⁻⁴)

Rad policy/guidance

EPA rad guidance

- Establishment of Cleanup Levels for CERCLA Sites with Radioactive Contamination ("Luftig" memo - 1997)
 - Risk range 10⁻⁴ to 10⁻⁶
 - 15 mrem/yr = $3x10^{-4}$ risk (became 12 mrem/yr)
- OSRETI (Stuart Walker)
- Removal guidance
- Research Regional removal rad approaches